## **DFD PUMP CHART - OFFENSIVE OPERATIONS**

<b>1-3/4" HOSE</b> (*2018 AND NEWER - 25 psi/100') (**2017 AND OLDER - 35 psi/100')							
TIP SIZE	GPM	NP	FL/100'				
15/16"	185	50	(*25) (**35)				
COMBINATION FOG	175	50	(*25) (**35)				
COMBINATION FOG	185	75	(*25) (**35)				
1-1/2" BRESNAN	100	100	15				
2" GREEN HOSE							
TIP SIZE	GPM	NP	FL/100'				
1"	210	50	30				
2-1/2" HOSE							
TIP SIZE	GPM	NP	FL/100'				
1-1/8"	265	50 10					
1-3/16"	300	50	15				
1-1/4"	325	50	20				
COMBINATION FOG	250	50 or 75	10				
COMBINATION FOG	300	75	15				
2-1/2" BRESNAN	300	100 15					
RAM OR BLITZFIRE WITH 1-3/8" TIP							
2-1/2" HOSE	500	80 40					
3" HOSE	500	80	25				
APPLIANCES							
SIAMESE / WYE = 5 psi		STANDPIPE = 25 psi					
ELEVATION							
PER FOOT = 0.5 psi		PER FLOOR = 5 psi					
RESIDUAL WATER							
0 - 10% STATIC TO RESIDUAL DROP = ADD 3 TIMES CURRENT GPM OUTPUT							
<b>11 - 15%</b> STATIC TO RESIDUAL DROP = ADD <b>2</b> TIMES CURRENT GPM OUTPUT							
<b>16 - 20%</b> STATIC TO RESIDUAL DROP = ADD <b>1</b> TIME CURRENT GPM OUTPUT							

## **DFD PUMP CHART - DEFENSIVE OPERATIONS**

MASTER STREAMS								
TIP SIZE	( <u>2 TIP GPM</u> )	(TRUCK OR TOWERS WITH 1 TIP) (TOWERS WITH 2 TIPS)						
	NP = 80 psi	ONE - 3"	TWO - 3"	THREE - 3	' FOUR - 3	" ONE - 5"		
1-3/8"	<b>500</b> ( <u>1000</u> )	<b>25</b> ( <u>100</u> )	<b>6</b> ( <u>25</u> )	<b>3</b> ( <u>12</u> )	<b>2</b> ( <u>8</u> )	<b>2</b> ( <u>8</u> )		
1-1/2"	<b>600</b> (1200)	<b>40</b> (160)	<b>10</b> (40)	<b>5</b> (20)	<b>3</b> (12)	<b>3</b> (12)		
1-3/4"	800 (1600)	<b>60</b> (240)	<b>15</b> (60)	8 (32)	5 (20)	<b>5</b> (20)		
2"	1000 (2000)	<b>100</b> (400)	<b>25</b> (100)	<b>13</b> (50)	8 (32)	8 (32)		
FOG	<b>500</b> (1000)	<b>25</b> (100)	<b>6</b> (25)	<b>3</b> (12)	2 (8)	<b>2</b> (8)		
FOG	<b>1000</b> (2000)	<b>100</b> (400)	<b>25</b> (100)	<b>13</b> (50)	<b>8</b> (32)	<b>8</b> (32)		
	/			<u> </u>				
SIA	MESE / WYE =	NYE = 5 psi DECK GUN / GROUND MONITOR = 25 psi						
SPRINI	KLER SYSTEIVIS	= 150 psi	TRUCKSO	R IOWERS	AT TAILBOA	RD = 200  ps		
RESIDUAL WATER								
0 - 10% STATIC TO RESIDUAL DROP = ADD 3 TIMES CURRENT GPM OUTPUT								
<b>11 - 15%</b> STATIC TO RESIDUAL DROP = ADD <b>2</b> TIMES CURRENT GPM OUTPUT								
16 -	- 20% STATIC T	O RESIDUAL I	DROP = ADD	1 TIME CUP	RRENT GPM	OUTPUT		
MISCELLANEOUS								
HIGH RISE: ENGINE AT THE FDC SHALL PUMP IN "PRESSURE" AND IN "PSI" MODE								
RELAY PUMPING: SUPPLY ENGINES PUMP IN "VOLUME" AND IN "RPM" MODE, ATTACK								
ENGINES SHALL BE IN "PSI" MODE; MAINTAIN 20-80 psi INTAKE PRESSURE								
SPRINKLER SYSTEMS: PUMP IN "VOLUME"								
WHEN FLOWING MORE THAN 1000 GPM: PUMP IN "VOLUME"								
	WATE	R SUPPLY –	THREE HYDI	RAULIC CO	NCEPTS			
CON	NCEPT 1	CONCEPT 2			CONCEPT 3			
<u>Ru</u> When you d you quadru loss; when y	<b>le of 4's:</b> louble the flow, ple the friction you halve the	Maximum Length for Supply Lines: Utilize the Rule of 4's Concept to calculate the maximum lengths of lines given the following:			Volume of Water in a Hoseline: Water is not compressible; therefore, volume can be defined by its weight.			
flow, you qu loss ( <b>NOTE:</b> equal length	uarter the triction Only for lines of n, size, and flow).	Theoretical Max Length of Supply Hose: 2-½" hose flowing 500 GPM is 350' 3" hose flowing 500 GPM is 900'		<b>pply Hose:</b> 350' 0'	Hose Diameter	Volume of Water		
<u>Multiple Li</u> 2 lines equa 3 lines equa 4 lines equa	ne Conversions: als ¼ of 1 line als ½ of 2 lines als ⅓ of 2 lines	Application Supplying Master Streams Using 3 lines to pump into a Truck (1000 GPM); max distance is 800' (due to PDP limit). Using 4 lines to pump into a Tower (2000 GPM); max distance is 300' (due to PDP limit). $1 \text{ lb}$ $2"$ $1 \text{ lb}$ $2"$ $3"$ $3 \text{ lbs}$ $3"$ $3 \text{ lbs}$ $5"$ $8.3 \text{ lbs}$				1.5 lbs per foot 2 lbs per foot 3 lbs per foot 8.3 lbs per foot		